## Flow Length for Natural Watersheds

For natural watersheds without structures such as terraces or diversions to change the flow path of water, the flow length can be determined using the following relationship:

$$l = 209 A^{0.6}$$

(Eq. 2-5a)

where

 $\mathcal{L}$  = flow length in feet and A = drainage area in acres.

This equation is based on data from 160 experimental small watersheds of the Agricultural Research Service. The ratio of the flow length  $(\ell)$  to the average width (w) of these watersheds varies with drainage area as follows:

$$\ell/w = A^{0.2}$$

(Eq. 2-5b)

where

 $\ell$  = flow length in feet,

w = average width in feet, and
A = drainage area in acres.

## Limitations

\* Where a watershed deviates significantly from the shape as expressed by Eq. N2-5b or where structures change the flow path of water, the flow length ( $\ell$ ) specific to the watershed should be determined.

## Applying Pond and Swamp Adjustment Factor

If pond and swamp areas are spread throughout the watershed and are not considered in the Tc computation, an adjustment for pond and swamp areas is also needed. The peak discharge equation then becomes

$$q_p = q_u AQF_p$$
 (Eq. 2-7a)

where

qp = peak discharge in cfs,

= unit peak discharge in cfs/acre/inch of runoff,

qu = unit peak distances, A = drainage area in acres, Q = runoff in inches, and

F<sub>n</sub> = pond and swamp adjustment factor.

The pond and swamp adjustment factor is obtained from Table 2-5 (rounded to the nearest table value). Worksheet 2 and the EFM-2 computer program have not been supplemented to incorporate the use of the Fn factor; therefore, the adjustment must be made manually on the worksheet and computer program output.

Table 2-5.-Adjustment factor (Fp) for pond and swamp areas that are spread throughout the watershed.

Fp	
1.00	
0.97	
0.87	
0.75	
0.72	
	0.97 0.87 0.75

## Limitations

- \* The F, factor can be applied only for ponds or swamps not in the T flow path.
- \* The  $F_p$  factor can be applied to the peak discharge( $q_p$ ) only, not to the runoff(Q).
- \* The Fp factor is an approximation of the typical effect of the storage in ponds and swamps on peak discharge.